

The Hindu Language New Delhi Journalist 30/07/2023 Page no 124.15 English Vijaita Singh 1, 9

In Sahara saga, small investors find a new hope

Centre's refund portal returns only ₹10,000 each to investors, irrespective of the amount involved; but till Saturday, 15.28 lakh investors registered

Vijaita Singh NEW DELHI

oon after a new Ministry to look after the cooperative sector was formed in 2021, the corridors of its old offices at Krishi Bhavan in Delhi's Central Secretariat were filled with thousands of letters and postcards. Many of them handwritten, they had to be stuffed into gunny bags. All had the same request: a refund from the Sahara group, the business conglomerate mired in financial embezzlement, and currently being investigated by multiple agencies, including the Enforcement Directorate (ED), since 2008.

The group had raised ₹80,000 crore from 2.76 crore small-time investors across 26 States.

On July 18, the Union government set up the Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) portal – mocrefund.crcs.gov.in – for small investors in Sahara companies to get the maximum refund of ₹10,000 per investor, irrespective of the total amount invested. As of 7.30 a.m. on Saturday, up to



The Sahara Group's documents being unloaded in Navi Mumbai in 2012. FILE PHOTO

15.28 lakh investors had registered.

"The idea is to return at least ₹10,000 to everyone from a ₹5,000crore corpus [from the corpus of the Sahara-SEBI Refund Account that the Supreme Court allowed the Ministry to access on March 29]. There are 2.76 crore investors and at this rate we need ₹27,000 crore. Some have invested ₹7,000 and others, lakhs of rupees," said the official from the Ministry of Cooperation.

For the rest of the amount, the Ministry will approach the Supreme Court again. "The Common Service Centres in villages and rural areas have been asked to help rural investors who do not have access to computers and scanners," the official said.



In Sahara saga, small investors find new hope

The official said that to weed out any irregulari-ties, "The data dump has been digitised. The portal has five layers of checks. An investor can regis-ter only through their Aadhaar-linked mobile phone. The bank account linked to Aadhaar will appear on the screen. A token number will be generated and sent to Sahara. Once they verify, the CRCS will also run a check. There is an auditor and four retired bureaucrats to oversee the portal." Investors will have to scan and upload docu-ments, and give an undertaking that the claims are true. If the information is found to be false, le-gal action will be initiated. Claims will be processed only through the portal and no physical documents will be entertained.

Finding opportunity The portal is a result of a meeting convened ear-lier this year by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister Amit Shah, with stakeholder agencies: the departments of Economic Affairs and Reve-nue, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SE-BI), Serious Fraud Investigations Office, and the

Enforcement Directorate (ED). Launching the portal, Mr. Shah said that this is not the first such story. "Whenever such a scam takes place, there is a multi-agency seizure [of assets and properties]... Small-time investors are hit the most," he said. Ahead of the 2024 Lok Sabha election, the go-

vernment's initiative is expected to forge a con-nect with middle-class voters who have invested in four cooperatives: Sahara Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Saharayn Universal Multipurpose Society Limited, Humara India Credit Cooperative Society Limited, and Stars Multipurpose Cooperative Society Limited.

These were registered from March 2010 to Ja-nuary 2014, in Lucknow, Bhopal, Hyderabad, and Kolkata, under the provisions of the Multi-State Cooperative Societies Act, 2002. The Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) issued not ices to return the principal amount, but that did not happen.

In Uttar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors who had invested ₹22,000 crore. Bihar has 55 lakh depositors, Jharkhand 24 lakh, Rajasthan 18 Iakh, Odisha 20 lakh, Madhya Pradesh 13 lakh, West Bengal 14 lakh, Gujarat and Assam 8 lakh each, Chhattisgarh 6 lakh, Haryana and Delhi 5 lakh each, Andhra Pradesh 4 lakh, Telangana and Maharashtra 3 lakh each. For the first few years after the societies were

registered, investors got the promised return, an interest rate between 8% and 11%. From 2017-18, the returns stopped. R.K. Choudhary, a business-

man from Purnea district of Bihar, said the pro-blem had become acute after the first lockdown in 2020. "Earlier, agents used to come home and re-turn the money. But soon word got out about vastopped coming," he said. In March 2014, Mr. Roy was arrested by the ED.



The Hindu	Language	English
Kochi	Journalist	Vijaita Singh
30/07/2023	Page no	1, 7
109.23		

Sahara saga: new hope for investors

Centre's refund portal returns only ₹10,000 each to investors, irrespective of the amount involved; but till Saturday, 15.28 lakh investors registered

Vijaita Singh NEW DELHI

oon after a new Ministry to look after the cooperative sector was formed in 2021, the corridors of its old offices at Krishi Bhavan in Delhi's Central Secretariat were filled with thousands of letters and postcards. Many of them handwritten, they had to be stuffed into gunny bags. All had the same request: a refund from the Sahara group, the business conglomerate mired in financial embezzlement, and currently being investigated by multiple agencies, including the Enforcement Directorate (ED), since 2008.

The group had raised ₹80,000 crore from 2.76 crore small-time investors across 26 States.

On July 18, the Union government set up the Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) portal - mocrefund.crcs.gov.in - for small investors in Sahara companies to get the maximum refund of ₹10,000 per investor, irrespective of the total amount invested. As of 7.30 a.m. on Saturday, up to 15.28 lakh investors had registered.

"The idea is to return at least ₹10,000 to everyone from a ₹5,000-crore corpus [from the corpus of the Sahara-SEBI Refund Ac-



The Sahara Group's documents being unloaded in Navi Mumbai in 2012. FILE PHOTO

count that the Supreme Court allowed the Ministry to access on March 29]. There are 2.76 crore investors and at this rate we need ₹27,000 crore. Some have invested ₹7,000 and others, lakhs of rupees," said the official from the Ministry of Cooperation.

For the rest of the amount, the Ministry will approach the Supreme Court again.

"The Common Service Centres in villages and rural areas have been asked to help rural investors who do not have access to computers and scanners," the official said.

CONTINUED ON » PAGE 7





In Sahara saga, small investors find new hope

The official said that to weed out any irregulari-ties, "The data dump has been digitised. The por-tal has five layers of checks. An investor can regis-ter only through their Aadhaar-linked mobile phone. The bank account linked to Aadhaar will appear on the screen. A token number will be generated and sent to Sahara. Once they verify, the CRCS will also run a check. There is an auditor and four retired bureaucrats to oversee the portal." Investors will have to scan and upload documents, and give an undertaking that the claims are true. If the information is found to be false, le-gal action will be initiated. Claims will be processed only through the portal and no physical documents will be entertained.

Finding opportunity

The portal is a result of a meeting convened ear-lier this year by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister Amit Shah, with stakeholder agencies: the departments of Economic Affairs and Reve-nue, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SE-BI), Serious Fraud Investigations Office, and the Enforcement Directorate (ED).

Launching the portal, Mr. Shah said that this is not the first such story. "Whenever such a scam takes place, there is a multi-agency seizure [of assets and properties]... Small-time investors are hit the most," he said.

Ahead of the 2024 Lok Sabha election, the government's initiative is expected to forge a connect with middle-class voters who have invested in four cooperatives: Sahara Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Saharayn Universal Multipur-pose Society Limited, Humara India Credit Cooperative Society Limited, and Stars Multipurpose Cooperative Society Limited.

These were registered from March 2010 to January 2014, in Lucknow, Bhopal, Hyderabad, and Kolkata, under the provisions of the Multi-State Cooperative Societies Act, 2002. The Central Re-gistrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) issued notices to return the principal amount, but that did

not happen. In Utar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors who had invested ₹22,000 crore. Bihar has 55 lakh depositors, Jharkhand 24 lakh, Rajasthan 18 lakh, Odisha 20 lakh, Madhya Pradesh 13 lakh, West Bengal 14 lakh, Gujarat and Assam 8 lakh each, Chhattisgarh 6 lakh, Haryana and Delhi 5 lakh each, Andhra Pradesh 4 lakh, Telangana and Maharashtra 3 lakh each.

For the first few years after the societies were registered, investors got the promised return, an interest rate between 8% and 11%. From 2017-18, the returns stopped. R.K. Choudhary, a businessman from Purnea district of Bihar, said the pro-blem had become acute after the first lockdown in 2020. "Earlier, agents used to come home and re-turn the money. But soon word got out about vastopped coming," he said. In March 2014, Mr. Roy was arrested by the ED.



The Hindu		
Mumbai		
30/07/2023		
115.77		

Language Journalist Page no English Vijaita Singh 1, 7

In Sahara saga, small investors find a new hope

Centre's refund portal returns only ₹10,000 each, even if one has invested lakhs; till Saturday, 15.28 lakh investors registered; 4.21 lakh have been verified, 12.26 lakh claims for ₹3,182.67 cr. generated

Vijaita Singh NEW DELHI

oon after a new Ministry to look after the cooperative sector was formed in 2021, the corridors of its old offices at Krishi Bhavan in Delhi's Central Secretariat were filled with thousands of letters and postcards. Many of them handwritten, they had to be stuffed into gunny bags. All had the same request: a refund from the Sahara group, the business conglomerate mired in financial embezzlement, and currently being investigated by multiple agencies, including the Enforcement Directorate (ED), since 2008. The group had raised ₹80,000 crore from 2.76 crore small-time investors across 26 States.

On July 18, the Union government set up the Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) portal – mocrefund.crcs.gov.in – for small investors in Sahara companies to get the maximum refund of ₹10,000 per investor, irrespective of the total amount invested. As of 7.30 a.m. on July 29, up to 15.28 lakh investors had registered.



The Sahara Group's documents being unloaded in Navi Mumbai in 2012. FILE PHOTO

"The idea is to return at least ₹10,000 to everyone from a ₹5,000crore corpus [from the corpus of the Sahara-SEBI Refund Account that the Supreme Court allowed the Ministry to access on March 29]. There are 2.76 crore investors and at this rate we need ₹27,000 crore. Some have invest ed ₹7,000 and others, lakhs of rupees," said the official from the Ministry of Cooperation. For the rest of the amount, the Ministry will approach the Supreme Court again.



In Sahara saga, small investors find new hope

"The total number of verified applicants are 4.21 lakh and 12.26 lakh claims worth ₹3,182.67 crore have already been generated. These will be refunded in a maximum of 45 days," the official added. The official said that to weed out any irregularities, "The data dump has been digitised. The portal has five layers of checks. An investor can register only through their Aadhaar-linked mobile phone. The bank account linked to Aadhaar will appear on the screen. A token number will be generated and sent to Sahara. Once they verify, the CRCS will also run a check. There is an auditor and four retired bureaucrats to oversee the portal." Investors will have to scan and upload documents, and give an undertaking that the claims are true. If the information is found to be false, le-gal action will be initiated. Claims will be processed only through the portal and no physical documents will be entertained.

"The Common Service Centres in villages and rural areas have been asked to help rural investors who do not have access to computers and scanners," the official said.

Finding opportunity

The portal is a result of a meeting convened earlier this year by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister Amit Shah, with stakeholder agencies: the departments of Economic Affairs and Revenue, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SE-BI), Serious Fraud Investigations Office, and the Enforcement Directorate (ED).

Ahead of the 2024 Lok Sabha election, the government's initiative is expected to forge a connect with middle-class voters who have invested in four cooperatives: Sahara Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Saharayn Universal Multipurpose Society Limited, Humara India Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Humara India Credit Cooperative Society Limited, and Stars Multipurpose Cooperative Society Limited. These were registered from March 2010 to January 2014, in Lucknow, Bhopal, Hyderabad, and Kolkata, under the provisions of the Multi-State Cooperative Societies Act, 2002. The Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) issued notices to return the principal amount, but that did not happen.

In Uttar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors who had invested ₹22,000 crore. Bihar has 55 lakh depositors, Jharkhand 24 lakh, Rajasthan 18 lakh, Odisha 20 lakh, Madhya Pradesh 13 lakh, West Bengal 14 lakh, Gujarat and Assam 8 lakh each, Chhattisgarh 6 lakh, Haryana and Delhi 5 lakh each, Andhra Pradesh 4 lakh, Telangana and Maharashtra 3 lakh each.



The Hindu Chennai 30/07/2023 105.46000000000001

Language Journalist Page no English Vijaita Singh 1, 11

Sahara saga: new hope for investors

Centre's refund portal returns only ₹10,000 each to investors, irrespective of the amount involved; but till Saturday, 15.28 lakh investors registered

Vijaita Singh NEW DELHI

oon after a new Ministry to look after the cooperative sector was formed in 2021, the corridors of its old offices at Krishi Bhavan in Delhi's Central Secretariat were filled with thousands of letters and postcards. Many of them handwritten, they had to be stuffed into gunny bags. All had the same request: a refund from the Sahara group, the business conglomerate mired in financial embezzlement, and currently being investigated by multiple agencies, including the Enforcement Directorate (ED), since 2008.

The group had raised ₹80,000 crore from 2.76 crore small-time investors across 26 States.

On July 18, the Union government set up the Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) portal – mocrefund.crcs.gov.in – for small investors in Sahara companies to get the maximum refund of ₹10,000 per investor, irrespective of the total amount invested. As of 7.30 a.m. on Saturday, up to 15.28 lakh investors had registered.

"The idea is to return at least ₹10,000 to everyone from a ₹5,000-crore corpus [from the corpus of the Sahara-SEBI Refund Ac-



The Sahara Group's documents being unloaded in Navi Mumbai in 2012. FILE PHOTO

count that the Supreme Court allowed the Ministry to access on March 29]. There are 2.76 crore investors and at this rate we need ₹27,000 crore. Some have invested ₹7,000 and others, lakhs of rupees," said the official from the Ministry of Cooperation.

For the rest of the amount, the Ministry will approach the Supreme Court again.

"The Common Service Centres in villages and rural areas have been asked to help rural investors who do not have access to computers and scanners," the official said.



In Sahara saga, small investors find new hope

The official said that to weed out any irregulari-ties, "The data dump has been digitised. The por-tal has five layers of checks. An investor can regis-ter only through their Aadhaar-linked mobile phone. The bank account linked to Aadhaar will appear on the screen. A token number will be generated and sent to Sahara. Once they verify, the CRCS will also run a check. There is an auditor and four retired bureaucrats to oversee the por-tal." Investors will have to scan and upload docu-ments, and give an undertaking that the claims are true. If the information is found to be false, le-gal action will be initiated. Claims will be processed only through the portal and no physical documents will be entertained.

Finding opportunity The portal is a result of a meeting convened earlier this year by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister Amit Shah, with stakeholder agencies: the departments of Economic Affairs and Reve-nue, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SE-BI), Serious Fraud Investigations Office, and the Enforcement Disactore (CD) Enforcement Directorate (ED).

Laurching the portal, Mr. Shah said that this is not the first such story. "Whenever such a scam takes place, there is a multi-agency seizure [of assets and properties]... Small-time investors are hit the most," he said.

Ahead of the 2024 Lok Sabha election, the government's initiative is expected to forge a con-nect with middle-class voters who have invested in four cooperatives: Sahara Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Saharayn Universal Multipurpose Society Limited, Humara India Credit Coop-erative Society Limited, and Stars Multipurpose Cooperative Society Limited.

These were registered from March 2010 to Ja-nuary 2014, in Lucknow, Bhopal, Hyderabad, and Kolkata, under the provisions of the Multi-State Cooperative Societies Act, 2002. The Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) issued not-ices to return the principal amount, but that did

not happen. In Utar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors who had invested ₹22,000 crore. Bihar has 55 lakh depositors, Jharkhand 24 lakh, Rajasthan 18 lakh, Odisha 20 lakh, Madhya Pradesh 13 lakh, Wet Pereral 14 lehk Guinet ard Agene 0 lehk West Bengal 14 lakh, Gujarat and Assam 8 lakh each, Chhattisgarh 6 lakh, Haryana and Delhi 5 lakh each, Andhra Pradesh 4 lakh, Telangana and Maharashtra 3 lakh each.

For the first few years after the societies were registered, investors got the promised return, an interest rate between 8% and 11%. From 2017-18, the returns stopped. R.K. Choudhary, a businessman from Purnea district of Bihar, said the problem had become acute after the first lockdown in 2020. "Earlier, agents used to come home and re-turn the money. But soon word got out about various cases against Sahara, and the money stopped coming," he said. In March 2014, Mr. Roy was arrested by the ED.



The Hindu Kolkata 30/07/2023 118.1399999999999999

Language Journalist Page no English Vijaita Singh 1, 7

In Sahara saga, small investors find a new hope

Centre's refund portal returns only ₹10,000 each, even if one has invested lakhs; till Saturday, 15.28 lakh investors registered; 4.21 lakh have been verified, 12.26 lakh claims for ₹3,182.67 cr. generated

Vijaita Singh NEW DELHI

oon after a new Ministry to look after the cooperative sector was formed in 2021, the corridors of its old offices at Krishi Bhavan in Delhi's Central Secretariat were filled with thousands of letters and postcards. Many of them handwritten, they had to be stuffed into gunny bags. All had the same re-quest: a refund from the Sahara group, the business conglomerate mired in financial embezzlement, and currently being investigated by multiple agencies, including the Enforcement Directorate (ED), since 2008. The group had raised ₹80,000 crore from 2.76 crore small-time investors across 26 States.

On July 18, the Union government set up the Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) portal – mocrefund.crcs.gov.in – for small investors in Sahara companies to get the maximum refund of ₹10,000 per investor, irrespective of the total amount invested. As of 7.30 a.m. on July 29, up to 15.28 lakh investors had registered.



The Sahara Group's documents being unloaded in Navi Mumbai in 2012. FILE PHOTO

"The idea is to return at least ₹10,000 to everyone from a ₹5,000crore corpus [from the corpus of the Sahara-SEBI Refund Account that the Supreme Court allowed the Ministry to access on March 29]. There are 2.76 crore investors and at this rate we need ₹27,000 crore. Some have invested ₹7,000 and others, lakhs of rupees," said the official from the Ministry of Cooperation. For the rest of the amount, the Ministry will approach the Supreme Court again.





In Sahara saga, small investors find new hope

"The total number of verified applicants are 4.21 lakh and 12.26 lakh claims worth ₹3,182.67 crore have already been generated. These will be refunded in a maximum of 45 days," the official added. The official said that to weed out any irregularities, "The data dump has been digitised. The portal has five layers of checks. An investor can register only through their Aadhaar-linked mobile phone. The bank account linked to Aadhaar will appear on the screen. A token number will be generated and sent to Sahara. Once they verify, the CRCS will also run a check. There is an auditor and four retired bureaucrats to oversee the portal." Investors will have to scan and upload documents, and give an undertaking that the claims are true. If the information is found to be false, legal action will be initiated. Claims will be processed only through the portal and no physical documents will be entertained.

"The Common Service Centres in villages and rural areas have been asked to help rural investors who do not have access to computers and scanners," the official said.

Finding opportunity

The portal is a result of a meeting convened earlier this year by the Union Home and Cooperation Minister Amit Shah, with stakeholder agencies: the departments of Economic Affairs and Revenue, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SE-BI), Serious Fraud Investigations Office, and the Enforcement Directorate (ED).

Ahead of the 2024 Lok Sabha election, the government's initiative is expected to forge a connect with middle-class voters who have invested in four cooperatives: Sahara Credit Cooperative Society Limited, Saharayn Universal Multipurpose Society Limited, Humara India Credit Cooperative Society Limited, and Stars Multipurpose Cooperative Society Limited. These were registered from March 2010 to January 2014, in Lucknow, Bhopal, Hyderabad, and Kolkata, under the provisions of the Multi-State Cooperative Societies Act, 2002. The Central Registrar of Cooperative Societies (CRCS) issued notices to return the principal amount, but that did not happen. In Uttar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors

In Uttar Pradesh, there are 85 lakh depositors who had invested ₹22,000 crore. Bihar has 55 lakh depositors, Jharkhand 24 lakh, Rajasthan 18 lakh, Odisha 20 lakh, Madhya Pradesh 13 lakh, West Bengal 14 lakh, Gujarat and Assam 8 lakh each, Chhattisgarh 6 lakh, Haryana and Delhi 5 lakh each, Andhra Pradesh 4 lakh, Telangana and Maharashtra 3 lakh each.

