

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF COOPERATION

RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 165
ANSWERED ON 24/07/2024

Expansions of Co-operative Societies

165. SHRI PARIMAL NATHWANI:

Will the Minister of COOPERATION be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of Co-operative Societies registered in Gujarat and Andhra Pradesh and in the country, State-wise;
- (b) the steps taken by Government for revitalizing, bringing transparency, modernizing, creating competitiveness and capacity building of cooperative societies, details thereof; and
- (c) whether financial assistance is being provided by Government for capacity expansion of these societies after the formation of a separate Ministry, if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF COOPERATION
(SHRI AMIT SHAH)

(a): A comprehensive National Cooperative Database (NCD) has been developed by Ministry of Cooperation, Government of India, with the support of State Governments. The data of all the Cooperative Societies from various sectors has been entered in the database by nodal officers appointed by the States/ UTs for this purpose. As per the data available under NCD portal, the total number of registered Co-operative societies in Gujarat and Andhra Pradesh are 82,143 and 17,675, respectively. The State-wise details of Co-operative Societies registered in the country including Gujarat and Andhra Pradesh is attached at **Annexure-I**.

(b): Ministry of Cooperation, since its inception on 6th July, 2021, has undertaken several initiatives to realize the vision of “Sahakar-se-Samridhi” and to strengthen & deepen the cooperative movement from Primary to Apex level Cooperatives in the country. List of initiatives taken and progress made so far, for revitalizing, bringing transparency, modernizing, creating competitiveness and capacity building of cooperative societies is attached at **Annexure-II**.

(c): The Government of India is providing financial assistance to the following schemes for capacity expansion of the societies:

- i) **Strengthening of PACS through Computerization:** To strengthen PACS, a project for Computerization of functional PACS with a total financial outlay of ₹2,516 Crore has been approved by the Government of India, which entails bringing all functional PACS in the country onto a common ERP based national software, linking them with NABARD through

State Cooperative Banks (StCBs) and District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCBs). A total of 67,009 PACS from 30 States/ UTs have been sanctioned under the project. The hardware has been procured by 28 States/UTs. A total of 25,674 PACS have been onboarded on ERP Software and 15,207 PACS have gone live. The GOI share amounting to Rs. 654.22 crore was released to 29 States/UTs in the years 2022-23, 2023-24 and 2024-25 for procurement of hardware, digitization, and setting up of support system.

ii) **Computerization of Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (ARDBs):** To strengthen the long-term cooperative credit structure, the project of computerization of 1,851 units of Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (ARDBs) spread across 13 States/ Union Territories has been approved by the Government. NABARD is the implementing agency for the project and will develop a national-level software for ARDBs. Hardware, support for digitization of legacy data, training to the employees, etc. will be provided under the project. So far, proposals from 10 States/UTs have been received and sanctioned. Further, GOI share amounting to Rs. 4.26 crore was released to 8 States/UTs in FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25 for procurement of hardware, digitization, and setting up of support system.

The State/UT-wise and Year-wise details of funds released to the Co-operatives under Centrally Sponsored Project for “Computerization of PACS” and “Computerization of ARDB” are attached at **Annexure-III**.

iii) **Schemes implemented/ activities assisted by National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC):** NCDC is a statutory organization which is under the administrative control of Ministry of Cooperation, Government of India. NCDC provides financial assistance to Cooperatives Societies/ Federations across the country. As per the information received from NCDC, in the last three years, the amount disbursed as loan is Rs. 1,34,670.90 crore while the amount disbursed as grants is Rs. 1,200.04 crore. The details of State-wise financial assistance disbursed by NCDC during the last three years is attached at **Annexure-IV**.

Annexure-I**State-wise details of Co-operative Societies registered in the country including Gujarat and Andhra Pradesh under NCD portal (as on 16.07.2024)**

Sr. No.	State/UT	Total Number of Societies
1	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	2,215
2	Andhra Pradesh	17,675
3	Arunachal Pradesh	1,228
4	Assam	11,204
5	Bihar	26,655
6	Chandigarh	476
7	Chhattisgarh	10,510
8	Delhi	5,944
9	Goa	5,467
10	Gujarat	82,143
11	Haryana	32,860
12	Himachal Pradesh	5,170
13	Jammu and Kashmir	9,488
14	Jharkhand	11,472
15	Karnataka	45,461
16	Kerala	6,101
17	Ladakh	271
18	Lakshadweep	42
19	Madhya Pradesh	53,134
20	Maharashtra	2,22,324
21	Manipur	11,294
22	Meghalaya	2,944
23	Mizoram	1,253
24	Nagaland	8,115
25	Odisha	7,581
26	Puducherry	458
27	Punjab	19,074
28	Rajasthan	37,429
29	Sikkim	3,797
30	Tamil Nadu	22,057
31	Telangana	60,619
32	The Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	535
33	Tripura	3,142
34	Uttar Pradesh	44,579
35	Uttarakhand	5,360
36	West Bengal	31,226
	Total	8,09,303

Ministry of Cooperation, since its inception on 6th July, 2021, has undertaken several initiatives to realize the vision of “Sahakar-se-Samridhhi” and to strengthen & deepen the cooperative movement from Primary to Apex level Cooperatives in the country. List of initiatives taken and progress made so far are as follows:

A. Making Primary Cooperatives economically vibrant and transparent

- 1. Model Bye-Laws for PACS making them multipurpose, multidimensional and transparent entities:** Government, in consultation with all the stakeholders, including States/ UTs, National Level Federations, State Cooperative Banks (StCBs), District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCBs), etc., has prepared and circulated Model Byelaws for PACS to all the States/ UTs, which enable PACS to undertake more than 25 business activities, improve governance, transparency and accountability in their operations. Provisions have also been made to make the membership of PACS more inclusive and broad-based, giving adequate representation to women and Scheduled Castes/Schedules Tribes. So far, 32 States/ UTs have adopted Model Byelaws or their existing byelaws are in line with Model Byelaws.
- 2. Strengthening of PACS through Computerization:** In order to strengthen PACS, project for Computerization of functional PACS with a total financial outlay of ₹2,516 Crore has been approved by the Government of India, which entails bringing all functional PACS in the Country onto a common ERP based national software, linking them with NABARD through StCBs and DCCBs. A total of 67,009 PACS from 30 States/ UTs have been sanctioned under the project. The hardware has been procured by 28 States/UTs. Total 25,674 PACS have been onboarded on ERP Software and 15,207 PACS have gone live.
- 3. Establishing New Multipurpose PACS/ Dairy/ Fishery Cooperatives in uncovered Panchayats:** The plan for establishing new multipurpose PACS or primary dairy/ fisheries cooperatives covering all the Panchayats/ villages in the next five years, with support of NABARD, NDDB, NFDB, NCDC and other National level Federations has been approved by the Government. As per National Cooperative Database, a total of 6,844 new PACS, Dairy and Fishery cooperative societies have been registered across States/ UTs.
- 4. World’s Largest Decentralized Grain Storage Plan in Cooperative sector:** Government has approved a plan to create warehouses, custom hiring centers, primary processing units and other agri infrastructure for grain storage at PACS level, through convergence of various GOI schemes, including AIF, AMI, SMAM, PMFME, etc. This will reduce wastage of food grains and transportation costs, enable farmers to realize better prices for their produce and meet various agricultural needs at the PACS level itself. Under the Pilot Project, godowns have been constructed in 11 PACS of 11 States and the Pilot is now being extended to 500 additional PACS.
- 5. PACS as Common Service Centers (CSCs) for better access to e-services:** An MoU has been signed between Ministry of Cooperation, MeitY, NABARD and CSC e-Governance Services India Limited for providing more than 300 e-services such as banking, insurance, Aadhar enrolment/ updation, health services, PAN card and IRCTC/ Bus/ Air ticket, etc.

through PACS. So far, 37,169 PACS have started providing CSC services to rural citizens which will also result in increase in income of these PACS.

- 6. Formation of new Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs) by PACS:** Government has allowed 1,100 additional FPOs to be formed by PACS with the support of NCDC, in those blocks where FPOs have not yet been formed or the blocks are not covered by any other implementing agency. Apart from this, 992 FPOs have been formed in the cooperative sector by NCDC. This will be helpful in providing farmers with necessary market linkages and get fair and remunerative prices for their produce.
- 7. PACS given priority for Retail Petrol/ Diesel outlets:** Government has allowed PACS to be included in the Combined Category 2 (CC2) for allotment of retail petrol/ diesel outlets. As per information received from Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs), more than 270 PACS from 25 States/UTs have applied online for retail petrol/ diesel outlets.
- 8. PACS given permission to convert bulk consumer petrol pumps into retail outlets:** Based on the discussions with the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, guidelines have been issued to convert the existing bulk consumer licensee PACS into retail outlets for increasing the profit of PACS and generate employment opportunities in rural areas. 109 PACS from 4 States having wholesale consumer pumps have given consent for conversion into Retail Outlets, out of which 43 PACS have received Letter of Intent (LOI) from the OMCs.
- 9. PACS eligible for LPG Distributorship for diversifying its activities:** Government has now allowed PACS to apply for LPG Distributorships. This will give PACS an option to increase their economic activities and create new employment opportunities in rural areas. From four States/ Union Territories, a total of 31 PACS have submitted online applications.
- 10. PACS as PM Bharatiya Jan Aushadhi Kendra for improving access to generic medicines at rural level:** Government is promoting PACS to operate Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Kendras which will provide additional income source to them and ease the access to generic medicines for rural citizens. So far, 4,341 PACS/ cooperative societies have applied online for PM Bhartiya Janaushadhi Kendras, out of which 2,594 PACS have been given initial approval by PMBI and 674 have received drug licences from State Drug Controllers which are ready to function as PM Bhartiya Jan Aushadhi Kendras
- 11. PACS as Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samridhhi Kendras (PMKSK):** Government is promoting PACS to operate PMKSK for ensuring easy accessibility of fertilizer & related services to farmers in the country. As per the information shared by States/ UTs, 38,141 PACS are functioning as PMKSK.
- 12. Convergence of PM-KUSUM at PACS level:** Farmers associated with PACS can adopt solar agricultural water pumps and install photovoltaic modules in their farms.
- 13. PACS to carry out O&M of rural piped water supply schemes (PWS):** In order to utilize the deep reach of PACS in rural areas, on the initiative of the Ministry of Cooperation, Ministry of Jal Shakti has made PACS as eligible agencies to carry out the Operations &

Maintenance (O&M) of PWS in rural areas. As per information received from States/ UTs, 1,833 PACS have been identified/ selected by 16 States/ UTs to provide O&M services at Panchayat/ Village level.

14. Micro-ATMs to Bank Mitra Cooperative Societies for providing doorstep financial services: Dairy and Fisheries cooperative societies can be made Bank Mitras of DCCBs and StCBs. To ensure their ease of doing business, transparency and financial inclusion, Micro-ATMs are also being given to these Bank Mitra Co-operative Societies with support from NABARD to provide 'Door-step Financial Services'. As a pilot project, about 2,700 Micro-ATMs have been distributed to Bank Mitra cooperative societies in Panchmahal and Banaskantha Districts of Gujarat. This initiative is now being implemented in all the Districts of the State of Gujarat.

15. Rupay Kisan Credit Card to Members of Milk Cooperatives: In order to expand the reach of DCCBs/ StCBs and to provide necessary liquidity to the members of Dairy Cooperative societies, Rupay Kisan Credit Cards (KCCs) are being distributed to the members of cooperatives for providing credit at comparatively lower interest rates and to enable them to carry out other financial transactions. So far, 48,000 Rupay KCC have been distributed in Panchmahal and Banaskantha Districts of Gujarat. This initiative is now being implemented in all the Districts of the State of Gujarat.

16. Formation of Fish Farmer Producer Organization (FFPO): In order to provide market linkage and processing facilities to fishermen, NCDC has registered 69 FFPOs in the initial phase. In addition, Department of Fisheries, Government of India has allocated the work of converting 1000 existing fisheries cooperative societies into FFPOs to NCDC, with an approved outlay of Rs. 225.50 crore.

B. Strengthening the Urban and Rural Cooperative Banks

17. UCBs have been allowed to open new branches to expand their business: UCBs can now open new branches up to 10% (maximum 5 branches) of the existing number of branches in the previous financial year without prior approval of RBI.

18. UCBs have been allowed by RBI to offer doorstep services to their customers: Door step banking facility can now be provided by UCBs. Account holders of these banks can now avail various banking facilities at home such as cash withdrawal, cash deposit, KYC, demand draft and life certificate for pensioners, etc.

19. Cooperative banks have been allowed to make one-time settlement of outstanding loans, like Commercial Banks: Co-operative banks, through board-approved policies, can now provide the process for settlement with borrowers, along with technical write-off.

20. Time limit increased to achieve Priority Sector Lending (PSL) targets given to UCBs: RBI has extended the timeline for UCBs to achieve Priority Sector Lending (PSL) targets by two years i.e., up to March 31, 2026.

21. A Nodal Officer designated in RBI for regular interaction with UCBs: In order to meet the long pending demand of the cooperative sector for closer coordination and focused interaction, RBI has notified a nodal officer.

22. Individual housing loan limit more than doubled by RBI for Rural and Urban Cooperative Banks:

- a. Housing loan limit of Urban Cooperative Banks has now been doubled from Rs. 30 lakhs to Rs. 60 lakhs.
- b. Housing loan limit of Rural Cooperative Banks has been increased to two and a half times to Rs. 75 lakhs.

23. Rural Cooperative Banks will now be able to lend to commercial real estate/residential housing sector, thereby diversifying their business: This will not only help Rural Cooperative Banks to diversify their business, but will benefit Housing cooperative societies also.

24. License fee reduced for Cooperative Banks: License fee for onboarding Cooperative Banks to 'Aadhaar Enabled Payment System' (AePS) has been reduced by linking it to the number of transactions. Cooperative financial institutions will also be able to get the facility free of cost for the first three months of the pre-production phase. With this, farmers will now be able to get the facility of banking at their home with through biometrics.

25. Non-scheduled UCBs, StCBs and DCCBs notified as Member Lending Institutions (MLIs) in CGTMSE Scheme to increase the share of cooperatives in lending: Cooperative banks will now be able to take advantage of risk coverage up to 85 percent on the loans given. Also, cooperative sector enterprises will also be able to get collateral free loans from cooperative banks now.

26. Notification of Scheduling norms for including Urban Cooperative Banks: UCBs that meet the 'Financially Sound and Well Managed' (FSWM) criteria and have maintained the minimum deposits required for classification as Tier 3 for the last two years are now eligible to be included in Schedule II of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and get 'Scheduled' status.

27. Monetary ceiling doubled by RBI for Gold Loan: RBI has doubled monetary ceiling from Rs. 2 lakhs to Rs.4 lakh, for those UCBs that meet the PSL targets.

28. Umbrella Organization for Urban Cooperative Banks: RBI has accorded approval to the National Federation of Urban Co-operative Banks and Credit Societies Ltd. (NAFCUB) for the formation of an Umbrella Organization (UO) for the UCB sector, which will provide necessary IT infrastructure and operational support to around 1,500 UCBs.

C. Relief to Cooperative Societies in the Income Tax Act

29. Surcharge reduced from 12 % to 7% for co-operative societies having income between Rs. 1 to 10 Cr.: This will reduce the burden of Income Tax on Cooperative Societies and more capital will be available with them to work for the benefit of their members.

- 30. MAT reduced for cooperatives from 18.5% to 15%:** With this provision, now there is parity between Cooperative Societies and Companies in this regard.
- 31. Relief in cash transactions under section 269ST of the Income Tax Act:** In order to remove difficulties in cash transactions by cooperatives under Section 269ST of IT Act, Government has issued a clarification that cash transaction of less than Rs. 2 lakhs done by a cooperative society with its distributor in a day will be considered separately, and will not be charged with income tax penalty.
- 32. Tax cut for new manufacturing Cooperative societies:** Government has decided that a flat lower tax rate of 15% will be charged, compared to an earlier rate of up to 30% plus surcharge, for new cooperatives commencing manufacturing activities by March 31, 2024. This will encourage the formation of new cooperative societies in the manufacturing sector.
- 33. Increase in limit of Cash Deposits and Cash Loans by PACS and PCARDBs:** Government has enhanced the limit for Cash Deposits and Cash Loans by PACS and Primary Cooperative Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (PCARDBs) from Rs. 20,000 to Rs. 2 lakh per member. This provision will facilitate their activities, increase their business and benefit members of their societies.
- 34. Increase in the limit of Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) in Cash Withdrawal:** Government has increased the cash withdrawal limit of cooperative societies without deduction of tax at source from Rs.1 crore to Rs.3 crore per year. This provision will save Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) for cooperative societies, which will enhance their liquidity.

D. Revival of Cooperative Sugar Mills

- 35. Relief from Income Tax to Sugar Cooperative Mills:** Government has issued a clarification that cooperative sugar mills would not be subjected to additional income tax for paying higher sugarcane prices to farmers up to Fair and Remunerative or State Advised Price, from April, 2016 onwards.
- 36. Resolution of decades old pending issues related to Income Tax of Sugar Cooperative Mills:** Government has made a provision in its Union Budget 2023-24, wherein Sugar cooperatives have been allowed to claim as expenditure their payments to sugarcane farmers for the period prior to assessment year 2016–17, giving them a relief of more than Rs.10,000 crore.
- 37. Rs. 10,000 crore loan schemes launched for strengthening of Sugar Cooperative Mills:** Government has launched a scheme through NCDC for setting up ethanol plants or cogeneration plants or for working capital or for all three purposes. Loan amount of Rs. 5746.76 cr. has been sanctioned by NCDC to 36 Cooperative Sugar Mills so far.
- 38. Preference to Cooperative Sugar Mills in purchase of ethanol:** Cooperative Sugar Mills have now been put at par with private companies for ethanol procurement by Government of India under the Ethanol Blending Programme (EBP).

39. Reduction in GST on molasses from 28% to 5%: Government has decided to reduce the GST on molasses from 28% to 5% which will enable cooperative sugar mills to earn more profits for their members by selling molasses to distilleries with higher margins.

E. Three new National Level Multi-State Societies

40. New National Multi-State Cooperative Seed Society for certified seeds: Government has established a new apex multi-state cooperative seed society under the MSCS Act, 2002, namely Bharatiya Beej Sahakari Samiti Limited (BBSSL) as an umbrella organization for quality seed cultivation, production and distribution under a single brand. BBSSL so far has planted breeder seeds of Wheat, Mustard, and Pulses (Gram, Pea) on 366 Hectare land during Rabi season. Similarly, during Kharif season breeder seeds of Peddy, Moong, Soyabean, Groundnut, Jowar and Guar have been planted on 148.26 Hectare land. As on date 11714 PACS/ Cooperative Societies have become member of BBSSL.

41. New National Multi-State Cooperative Organic Society for organic farming: Government has established a new apex multi-state cooperative organic society under the MSCS Act, 2002, namely National Cooperative Organics Limited (NCOL) as an umbrella organization to produce, distribute and market certified and authentic organic products. As on date 3,775 PACS/ cooperative societies have become member of NCOL. So far, 12 organic products have been launched by NCOL under “Bharat Organics” brand.

42. New National Multi-State Cooperative Export Society for promoting exports: Government has established a new apex multi-state cooperative export society under the MSCS Act, 2002, namely National Cooperative Export Limited (NCEL) as an umbrella organization to give thrust to exports from cooperative sector. As on date, *about 7700 PACS/ cooperative societies have become member of NCEL. A total of 8,15,007 metric tonnes of commodities have been exported by NCEL. Out of which 8,01,790 metric tonnes of rice, 7,685 metric tonnes of onions, 4507 metric tonnes of sugar, 1025 metric tonnes of wheat have been exported.*

F. Capacity Building in Cooperatives

43. Promotion of training and awareness through National Council for Cooperative Training (NCCT): By increasing its reach, NCCT has conducted 3,619 training programs and provided training to 2,21,478 participants in FY 2023-24. From April to June 2024, NCCT has conducted 494 programmes against the quarterly target of 435 programmes and trained 19,591 participants against the target of 10875 participants.

44. Establishment of the Cooperative University: Cabinet Note has been prepared by Ministry of Cooperation for setting up of a National Cooperative University for Cooperative education, training, consultancy, research and development and a sustainable and quality supply of trained manpower.

G. Use of Information Technology for ‘Ease of Doing Business’

45. Computerization of the Central Registrar’s Office: Central Registrar’s office has been computerized to create a digital ecosystem for Multi-State Cooperative Societies, which will assist in processing applications and service requests in a time bound manner.

46. Scheme for computerization of office of RCSs in States and Union Territories: To increase 'Ease of doing businesses for Cooperative Societies and create a digital ecosystem for transparent paperless regulation in all the States/ Union Territories, a Centrally Sponsored Project for computerization of RCS Offices has been approved by the Government. Grants will be provided for purchase of hardware, development of software, etc. to the States/ UTs.

47. Computerization of Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (ARDBs): To strengthen the long-term cooperative credit structure, the project of computerization of 1,851 units of Agriculture and Rural Development Banks (ARDBs) spread across 13 States/ Union Territories has been approved by the Government. NABARD is the implementing agency for the project and will develop a national level software for ARDBs. Hardware, support for digitization of legacy data, training to the employees, etc. will be provided under the project. So far, proposals from 10 States/UTs have been received and sanctioned. Further, GOI share amounting to Rs 4.26 crore was released to 8 States/UTs in FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25 for procurement of hardware, digitization and setting up of support system.

H. Other Initiatives

48. New National Cooperative Database for authentic and updated data repository: A database of cooperatives in the country has been prepared with the support of State Governments to facilitate stakeholders in policy making and implementation of programmes/ schemes related to cooperatives across the country. So far, data of around 8.09 lakh cooperatives has been captured in the database.

49. Formulation of New National Cooperative Policy: A National level committee comprising 49 experts and stakeholders drawn from all over the Country has been constituted to formulate the New National Cooperative Policy for enabling a vibrant ecosystem to realize the vision of 'Sahakar-se-Samridhi'.

50. Multi-State Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Act, 2023: Amendment has been brought in the MSCS Act, 2002 to strengthen governance, enhance transparency, increase accountability, reform electoral process and incorporate provisions of 97th Constitutional Amendment in the Multi State Cooperative Societies.

51. Inclusion of Cooperatives as 'buyers' on GeM portal: Government has permitted cooperatives to register as 'buyer' on GeM, enabling them to procure goods and services from over 67 lakh vendors to facilitate economical purchases and greater transparency. So far, 559 cooperative societies have been onboarded on GeM as buyers.

52. Expansion of National Cooperative Development Corporation (NCDC) to increase its range and depth: NCDC has launched new schemes in various sectors such as 'Swayamshakti Sahkar' for SHGs; 'Deerghavadhi Krishak Sahkar' for long term agricultural credit and 'Dairy Sahkar' for dairy. Total financial assistance of Rs. 60,618.47 Crores has been disbursed by NCDC in FY 2023-24. NCDC has disbursed Rs.19,287.17

crore so far in the financial year 2024-25. Government of India has permitted NCDC to issue bonds worth ₹2000 crore with government guarantee, subject to the adherence of specified terms and conditions. Further, NCDC is setting up sub-offices in 6 North Eastern States – Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Manipur, Nagaland and Tripura with the objective of taking various national schemes to the cooperative societies at their doorstep.

53. Financial assistance by NCDC for Deep Sea Trawlers: NCDC is providing financial assistance for projects related to deep sea trawlers in coordination with the Department of Fisheries, Government of India. Various financial assistances have been sanctioned by NCDC such as; Rs. 11.55 crores for purchase of 14 deep sea trawlers in Maharashtra at a block cost of Rs 20.30 crores, Rs 37.39 crores to Rajmata Vikas Macchimar Sahakari Sanstha Limited, Mumbai for setting up a seafood processing unit at a Block Cost of Rs.46.74 crores, Rs. 32.69 crores for Integrated Fisheries Development Project (IFDP) of Government of Kerala and NCDC has sanctioned the proposal of Shri Mahavir Macchimar Sahakari Mandali Limited, Gujarat for purchasing 30 deep sea trawlers with a block cost of Rs.36.00 crores.

54. Refund to Investors of Sahara Group of Societies: A portal has been launched for making payments to the genuine depositors of the cooperative societies of Sahara Group in a transparent manner. Disbursements have already started after proper identification and submission of proof of their deposits and claims.

Annexure-III

State/UT-wise and Year-wise details of funds released to the Co-operatives under Centrally Sponsored Project for “Computerization of PACS” and “Computerization of ARDB” in the years 2022-23, 2023-24 & 2024-25

1. GOI share fund released under Centrally Sponsored Project for “Computerization of PACS”

(in Rs.)

Sr No.	States/UTs	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	Total
1	Chhattisgarh	14,86,00,000	0	-	14,86,00,000
2	Madhya Pradesh	33,23,00,000	25,42,25,000	-	58,65,25,000
3	Andhra Pradesh	14,93,00,000	3,74,47,271	-	18,67,47,271
4	Punjab	25,52,00,000	0	-	25,52,00,000
5	West Bengal	30,54,00,000	0	-	30,54,00,000
6	Jharkhand	10,99,00,000	0	-	10,99,00,000
7	Manipur	2,55,00,000	0	-	2,55,00,000
8	Rajasthan	23,78,00,000	43,29,86,131	-	67,07,86,131
9	Uttar Pradesh	11,28,00,000	42,30,41,650	-	53,58,41,650
10	Arunachal Pradesh	15,00,000	12,00,000	-	27,00,000
11	Maharashtra	87,95,00,000	33,64,50,000	-	1,21,59,50,000
12	Tripura	2,95,00,000	1,12,50,000	1,51,65,354	5,59,15,354
13	Himachal Pradesh	9,56,00,000	7,32,00,000	-	16,88,00,000
14	Sikkim	1,18,00,000	90,00,000	-	2,08,00,000
15	Karnataka	40,25,00,000	15,39,00,000	-	55,64,00,000
16	Goa	32,00,000	12,50,000	-	44,50,000
17	Meghalaya	1,23,00,000	0	-	1,23,00,000
18	Mizoram	27,00,000	0	-	27,00,000
19	Assam	6,41,00,000	2,45,25,000	-	8,86,25,000
20	Bihar	32,95,00,000	0	-	32,95,00,000
21	Nagaland	36,00,000	2,45,68,555	-	2,81,68,555
22	Haryana	4,85,00,000	2,44,16,000	-	7,29,16,000
23	Tamil Nadu	33,20,00,000	12,48,20,000	-	45,68,20,000
24	Gujarat	0	58,30,00,000	-	58,30,00,000
25	Uttarakhand	0	3,68,74,057	-	3,68,74,057
26	Andaman and Nicobar islands	0	68,81,462	-	68,81,462
27	Ladakh	0	12,00,000	-	12,00,000
28	Jammu and Kashmir	5,25,00,000	1,51,78,040	-	6,76,78,040
29	Puducherry	44,00,000	16,75,000	-	60,75,000
	Total	3,95,00,00,000	2,57,70,88,166	1,51,65,354	6,54,22,53,520

2. GOI share fund released under Centrally Sponsored Project for “Computerization of ARDB”

(In Rs.)

Sr. No.	State/UTs	FY 2023-24	FY 2024-25	Total
1.	Puducherry	3,89,630	-	3,89,630
2.	Punjab	46,75,558	-	46,75,558
3.	Jammu & Kashmir	26,35,731	-	26,35,731
4.	Tripura	3,86,765	-	3,86,765
5.	Uttar Pradesh	1,27,20,267	-	1,27,20,267
6.	Karnataka	80,27,519	-	80,27,519
7.	Tamil Nadu	0	81,92,106	81,92,106
8.	Himachal Pradesh	0	56,10,032	56,10,032
Total		2,88,35,470	1,38,02,138	4,26,37,608

Annexure-IV**State-wise details of financial assistance disbursed by NCDC
from 2021-22 to 2023-24****(Rs. In crore)**

Sr. No.	Name of the State	2021-22			2022-23			2023-24		
		Loan	Grants	Total	Loan	Grants	Total	Loan	Grants	Total
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-			-	1.69	-	1.69
2	Andhra Pradesh	2,828.57	3.02	2,831.59	9,686.20	48.50	9,734.70	13,269.90	10.23	13,280.13
3	Arunachal Pradesh	0.25	-	0.25	0.34	0.04	0.38			-
4	Assam	2.39	1.18	3.57	5.71	11.77	17.48	-	0.89	0.89
5	Bihar	2,800.00	57.90	2,857.90	4,000.00	53.75	4,053.75	800.19	15.63	815.83
6	Chandigarh	-	0.03	0.03	-	0.03	0.03			-
7	Chhattisgarh	12,400.00	0.87	12,400.87	8,500.00	2.23	8,502.23	18,990.00	1.35	18,991.35
8	Daman & Diu			-			-	-	0.11	0.11
9	Goa			-			-			-
10	Gujarat	33.29	4.11	37.40	364.83	5.97	370.80	578.90	8.09	586.99
11	Haryana	12,824.83	2.92	12,827.75	6,650.92	4.32	6,655.24	9,884.73	2.63	9,887.36
12	Himachal Pradesh	12.18	2.56	14.74	10.47	2.44	12.91	-	1.85	1.85
13	Jammu & Kashmir	-	0.13	0.13	-	0.57	0.57	-	0.71	0.71
14	Jharkhand	0.30	1.49	1.79	-	4.63	4.63	-	2.54	2.54
15	Karnataka	163.57	0.92	164.49	111.48	1.06	112.54	259.96	1.40	261.35
16	Kerala	362.45	9.39	371.85	677.05	27.69	704.74	272.33	3.56	275.89
17	Madhya Pradesh	471.25	5.85	477.10	275.48	8.92	284.40	318.93	3.93	322.86
18	Maharashtra	682.97	5.11	688.07	740.55	10.61	751.16	2,080.89	20.53	2,101.42
19	Manipur	-	0.04	0.04	22.13	8.25	30.38	4.66	1.95	6.60
20	Meghalaya	-	0.04	0.04	-	0.14	0.14	-	0.22	0.22
21	Mizoram	0.83	0.23	1.06	3.19	1.04	4.23	2.72	0.51	3.24
22	Nagaland	-	0.17	0.17	-	1.20	1.20	-	0.67	0.67
23	Odisha	3.52	0.54	4.06	-	1.61	1.61	0.28	2.96	3.24
24	Punjab	-	0.13	0.13	-	0.42	0.42	1,650.00	0.44	1,650.44
25	Puducherry			-	-	0.06	0.06			-
26	Rajasthan	0.04	7.75	7.79	0.09	4.82	4.91	60.40	5.68	66.09
27	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	0.14	0.14	-	0.22	0.22
28	Tamil Nadu	46.56	4.19	50.75	24.59	5.90	30.49	-	4.28	4.28
29	Telangana	990.66	101.55	1,092.20	9,091.26	213.71	9,304.97	11,931.00	243.11	12,174.11
30	Tripura	2.10	0.90	3.00	8.57	3.78	12.35	-	1.55	1.55
31	Uttar Pradesh	240.00	12.33	252.33	339.70	10.54	350.24	3.22	9.81	13.04
32	Uttarakhand	73.00	7.36	80.36	-	10.50	10.50	107.52	41.61	149.13
33	West Bengal	0.34	43.82	44.16	0.72	62.64	63.36	0.70	4.26	4.96
34	Delhi + Others	-	7.46	7.46	-	10.82	10.82	0.50	9.21	9.71
	Total	33,939.08	282.00	34,221.08	40,513.29	518.10	41,031.40	60,218.53	399.94	60,618.47